VOL. XIX.

SALEM, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1909.

NO. 265.

Remains of Entombed Miners away from the main shaft, and the Are Recovered Under Difficult Conditions.

FIRE IS THOUGHT TO HAVE BURNED ITSELF OUT

Rescuers Are Hampered by Poisonous Gases Which They Eucounter in the Shafts-Management of Mines Are Threatened With Violence for Neglect of Duty.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.1

Cherry, Ill., Nov. 19 .- The illfated St. Paul mine, where 400 miners are entombed under thou- his son, were found clasped in each sands of tons of earth, is slowly giv- other's arms in the east tunnel. They ing up its dead.

When the rescuers again descended today into the main shaft they burned black, but, it is said, that in brought eight badly charred bodies most cases the features are intacts to the surface, making a total of nine recovered

The fire, which has been raging furiously since last Saturday, has practically burned itself out, and it is believed that the work of recovering the dead from now on will be

comparatively easy. When the rescue party, headed by Mine Inspectors Taylor and Moses, reached the 200-foot level this morn-

had climbed from lower levels to the 200-foot station.

200-foot station.

The imprints of finger nails in the palms of their hands indicated that they had suffocated before the flames they had suffocated before the flames had reached them.

On account of the poisonous gases the rescuers were unable to remain under the surface but a few minutes and during this time only eight bodies could be recovered. A second trip will be made into the shaft later in the day. .

Although threats are still heard against the officials of the mine, the troops have the situation well in The miners are being kept. militia is dispersing all gatherings.

No violence has yet been resorted to, but a demonstration is feared when the funerals of the dead take place.

The miners are extremely bitter at the mine officials, charging that they sacrificed human life in order to

ered today.

The recovery of the bodies is necessarily slow on account of the fire still burning slightly in some parts of the mine.

Bodles of the victims, piled in great heaps, have been seen by firemen in both the east and the west tunnels of the second level.

It is estimated that 75 of the dead are huddled together in the west tunnel. The bodies of two men, believed to be Andrew Donovan and have not been brought up yet.

The bodies of the victims are all

INCORPORATIONS

McGrath & Neuhausen Co.; principal office, Portland; capital stock, ing they were confronted by a num- \$100,000; incorporators, T. S. Mcber of victims huddled together. Appearances indicated that the dead Cole.

Exclusive Statement Given United Press on the Sugar Trust Situation This Morning.

GOVERNENT OFFICIAL GIVES HISTORY OF FACTS OF CASE

Andrew Buckles and Louis Gibbs are among the identified dead recov-Trust and That the Taft Administration Took Up the Investigation Where His Predecessor Left Off.

> Following are some of the main points in the first inside story of * the great sugar trust fraud agitation, and the attacks upon the Roosevelt administration, obtained today by the United Press.

Roosevelt administration started and the Taft administration is completing the prosecution. Under Roosevelt the largest rebate fine in the history of law was

collected. Prison sentences were not obtained because they were not legally

provided for. The sugar trust revelations are responsible for the law restoring

the prison penalty. Roosevelt was responsible for the story entitled "The Seventeen"

Holes," in the Outlook. The figures of William Loeb, as collector of the port of New York show that every cent possible was recovered from the weighing

fraud. The Taft administration is forcing criminal prosecution i na man-

ner pleasing to Rooseveltians. Former Attorney-General Bonapart 's refusal to take up the Earle case was due to his unwillingness to use the government's

machinery in aid of private suits.

the business and political world, it [UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.] New York, Nov. 19 .- For the first is today possible to give the inside time since the gigantic sugar trust story of the sugar trust prosecution frauds became the foremost topic in as seen from the viewpoint of both the Taft and Roosevelt administra-

From a prominent official of the present administration and United Press today obtained a state-ment which was carefully reviewed and approved both by the official making the statement and a second man equally prominent in both administrations who indorsed its every feature. The statement follows:

"The evidence being published as an attack on the Rosoevelt administration is, in fact, evidence that Roosevelt's administration gathered to defeat the fraud.

"The whole thing has long been at the disposal of the press and the public and it was because no details of the sugar trust prosecution were being published in the daily papers that the article entitled The Case bring private suits. of the Seventeen Holes' appeared, at Rocsevelt's suggestion, in The Outlook. The result of this article was that he did not want the machinery to awaken public interest in the mat-

"Anyone who has followed the developments of the case will realize such a decision. The decision of ent attacks.

The Roosevelt administration unearthed the frauds and started the prosecution and the Taft adminisration is continuing the prosecutions, applying such administrative measares as necessary to prevent a repetition of the frauds.

"The different prosecutions against the sugar trust may be divided into three heads, and taken in chronological order are:

"First-the prosecution for receiving rebates. 'Second-The weighing frauds.

"Third-The Earle case, "These cases were begun by the Roosevelt administration nearly four years ago when Henry L. Stinson was appointed federal attorney for the southern district of New York

with especial reference to the prosecution of these offenses. "The result was that in seven months the sugar trust had been convicted and made to pay over four ever before collected under a rebate

and subsidiary companies were \$168,- present, 000, whereas the largest fine ever before collected had been \$40,000.

"The fine was sufficient in size to stop the evil and it established a legal precedent without the amount law, and truckles to officialdom. of the fine being exaggerated to an probably approves of Heney getting extent which might have provoked a one check for \$65,000 for his alleged reaction of sentiment.

"The sugar trust which does nearly 40 per cent of the railroad shipping out of New York city was effectively throttled so far as rebating was concerned.

"Since the recent agitation was raised this one question has been constantly repeated:

"'Why were not those people fm-prisoned?" The answer is simple. At that period imprisonment was legally impossible. The Hepburn law, which restored suspended which restored suspended penalty imprisonment, was passed June 30, 1906, under the Roosevelt administration. The facts in the sugar rebate cases were brought out pre-vious to the passing of this law. The sugar rebate prosecution began during the debate of the Hepburn law and this helped the government to pass the measure.

'The sugar rebate campaign ended in December, 1906. The first weighing fraud was discovered November 20, 1907. Roosevelt and Bonaparte were keenly interest-ed in the discovery and gave every possible assistance to the prosecu-

"The trial of the penalty suit against the American Sugar com-pany from February 5 to March 5, 1909, resulted in a verdict against the company to which the press paid but little attention until Rooseveit took up the question personally through the Outlook. "It was largely due to Roose elt's

action and to the Outlook article that the sugar trust offered to pay all the sums due from stolen duties. The settlement effected consisted of the restitution of \$2,000,000 which had fine of \$136,000.

"Some people like to believe that the government did not recover anything, but those wishing confirmation that the government recovered everything can see the figures of with her so she could have a sweet-settlement, made through the treas- heart," said Mamie. settlement, made through the treas-

secretary of the treasury and his at- not to tell anyone.

who were in charge of the matter who was equally as prominent in sham have backed them up in every up Manuel Neves, and told him she the preceding administration, the way, continuing the policy of the wanted to see Ben Kenison.

former Attorney General Bonaparte's decision not to take it up. This was the Philadelphia Sugar Refining company alleged that he was being put out of business by a violation of the anti-trust law. Earle is said to have complained that he went to Washington and tried to interest Bonaparte in bringing a government prosecution against the American Sugar

Refining company.
"The law allows injured persons to Earle had a private suit pending. Bonaparte refused to take action on the ground used in the aid of private suits and the existing conditions were such as to construe the statute adversely to how unjust and absurd are the pres- Judge Holt in the Earle case indicates that Honaparte had at least a reasonable ground for his attitude."

The German-American Society of Salem and vicinity will observe the 150th birthday anniversary of the poet Schiller on Sunday afternoon, November 21, at 3:30. There will be a musical and literary program, times as much as any rebate fine and a formal address in honor of the German poet by Rev. Hopf, of the State street Lutheran church. "The total fines collected from the bers of the society, their families and American Sugar Refining company friends are cordially invited to be

> As usual the Oregonian makes war on what it calls the "Holy President Zelays of Nicaragua in Statement" in the direct primary connection with the executions of the anti-graft services at San Francisco.

Young Sister of Murdered Man on Stand in the Alma Bell Trial.

DIDN'T CARE FOR JOE; ONLY WANTED LOVER

This Is the Substance of Innocent Girl's Testimony Before the Trial Court-Claims that Alma Had Other Gentlemen Friends and Did Not Care for Joe.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.]

Auburn, Cal., Nov. 19 .- Mamie Armes, 15-year-old sister of Joe Armes, for whose death Alma Bell is been stolen and the payment of a on trial here for her life, gave strong testimony against the girl defendant today.

"Alma knew that Joe didn't care for her, but she wanted Joe to go

The little girl said that on Thurs-"It is important to remember that day before the killing Alma told her while the case started in the Roose- that she was going to drive with velt administration, the settlement Ben Kenison to Lincoln at 12 was approved by President Taft's o'clock that night, and asked her

"It is impossible to separate the back in time the next morning so two administrations in the matter. that the folks wouldn't know any-Attorneys Stimson and Dennison, thing about it," said witness.

She testified that she was sick in under Roosevelt, were continued by bed, and that Alma had to use the Taft to wind it up and Secretary Mc- telephone where she could hear what Veagh and Attorney Generay Wicker- was said. She said that Alma called

Kenison is the man Joe Armes is "Much agitation has been aroused said to have charged Alma Bell with recently over the Earle case and driving with, on the night that she

killed Armes. The prosecution then introduced a suit under the Sherman anti-trust a frantic letter written by Alma Beil law in which Earle as receiver for on Decoration Day, threatening to

kill Joe Armes. The prosecution contends that this

letter proves premeditation.

Mamie testified that Alma Bell practiced shooting with a pistol from

the back porch of the Armes house several days before the travely. "She had two pistols—a black one an da white one," said the witness,

'and she fired at a bottle set up on an oven in the yard, about 100 feet away. She fired first with the white revolver and then with the black one, shooting three or four times. "I told her not to shoot, asking her to stop because I was frightened

"One Alma aimed the revolver at herself, and I asked her if she was not scared to do that, and she said: "'No, some day I'm going to end my life with this." Mamie giggled at times during her

testimony, and made all her statements glibly. Other members of the Armes group looked at Alma coldly, and the girl's eyes flashed back de-

On cross-examination Alma Bell replied "I don't know" to most of the questions.

BIRTHDAY TORTURES ARE OF DAILY OCCURRENCE

No News Received of Zelaya's Reply to Uncle Sam's Pertinent Query.

[UNITED PRESS LEASED WIRE.]

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19 .- No news has yet been received from connection with the executions of the two Americans-Leroy Cannon and Leonard Grace-yesterday, in reply to the state department's peremptory demand for an explanation.

It is momentarily expected that lews of a fresh outbreak of the reign of terror in Nicaragua, worse than the one now prevailing, will be received.

According to the reports coming from the so-called republic, me-daeval tortures and horrible cruelties are daily occurrences in towns over which Zelaya and his

troops still hold sway. It is believed here that Zelaya will make one last desperate struggle against Provisional President Estrada following the receipt of the news there that the United States government practically has recog-

(Continued on page 5.)

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